### **Caribbean Religions: Classification**

# Neo-African Religions -that have maintained a significant number of African traditions:

Dominican Republic – Santería, Vodou

Cuba: Santería

Trinidad and Tobago: Orisha

Granada – Orisha

Haiti – Vodou

Brazil (Bahia State) - Candomblé, Macumba

Puerto Rico – Santería

### Ancestral Religions \_religious that emphasize the reverence of ancestors:

St Vincent - Convince

Jamaica - Cumina, Convince

Cariacou and Granada - Big Drum, Shango, Spiritual Baptists

St Lucia - Kélé

Brazil – Candomblé, Macumba

Trinidad and Tobago – Spiritual Baptists, Shango

Montserrat – Tsombé

# Revivalist Religions - Religions that combined neo-African with Protestant evangelical traditions:

Trinidad and Tobago - Spiritual Baptists, Shouters

St. Vincent – Streams of Power

Haiti – Native Baptists, Ethiopian Baptists

Brazil: Macumba

# Divination Religions – Emphasize the reading into an object to predict the future:

Brazil - Macumba

Jamaica – Myalism

Venezuela – Maria Lionza

Puerto Rico - Espiritismo and various Spiritist sects

#### **Socio-Political Religions – Emphasize social justice and political change:**

Jamaica, St. Thomas, St. Vincent, Trinidad and Tobago, Haiti and other parts of the Caribbean – Rastafari

### **Other Imports:**

Curacao, Bonaire, Aruba, St. Thomas, Barbados, Puerto Rico, and other parts of the Caribbean – Judaism Islam – Guyana, Haiti, Trinidad Hinduism – Trinidad, Guyana

These classifications are merely theoretical and the differences between these religions are not mutually exclusive because some of the teachings of one religion in one category are found in the theologies of others. Moreover, European religions such as Catholicism in the Latin Caribbean and the Church of England in the Anglo-Caribbean were imposed on the indigenous religious of Amerindian peoples of the Caribbean and those of the imported African slaves. Although Caribbean religions are legacies of the colonial order, they continue to occupy important social positions across all the social classes. Catholic and Anglican imposition contributed to the creation of hybrid or syncretic amalgamations for the vast majority of people who incorporated the European dominant modes into their own beliefs and practices.